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1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Product Name: Hy-Clor Liquid Flocculant 1Lt

Chemical name: Poly(diallyldimethylammonium chloride)

Synonyms: PDADMAC; 2-Propen-1-aminium, N,N-dimethyl-N-2-

propenyl-, chloride, homopolymer; Dimethyldiallylammonium chloride

N-allyl-N,N-dimethylprop-2-en-1-aminium chloride

Product Code: HYCLIQFLOC6X1

Recommended Use of the Chemical and Restrictions on

Use:

Swimming pool flocculant.

Supplier: HY-CLOR AUSTRALIA PTY LTD

178 Power Street

Street Address: Glendenning NSW 2761

Telephone Number: 02 8805 2400 **After Hours:** 0404 859 515

Email: help@hyclor.com.au

Emergency Telephone: 131126 Poisons Information Centre – 24 hours

000 (Dial in case of transport, fire ambulance

emergency only)

Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information."

2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

This product is not classified as a hazardous substance according to GHS classification criteria. It is not a Dangerous Good.

Poisons Schedule: Not Scheduled

GHS Classification: Not a hazardous substance

GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements: No hazard pictogram, no signal

word, no hazard statement(s), no precautionary statement(s) required

Other hazards: - none:

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Label Statements:	Keep out of reach of Children
	Read Label before use
	If medical advice is needed, have product
	container or label at hand.

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredient	CAS Number	Concentration (% w/w)
Poly(diallyldimethylammonium chloride) PDADMAC)	26062-79-3	8-15
Non-hazardous ingredients		Balance

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre. Phone Australia 13 1126 or a doctor. Have this SDS when you call.

Swallowed: Do not induce vomiting unless advised to do so from, a medical

practitioner. Wash out mouth with water and give plenty of water

to drink. Seek medical attention.

Skin: Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. Remove

contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash before reuse or discard. If irritation occurs seek immediate medical attention.

Eye: If contact with the eye(s) occurs, or if eye irritation arises, wash

with copious amounts of water holding eyelid(s) open. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the non-affected eye. If

irritation occurs seek immediate medical attention.

Inhaled: Remove from contaminated area. If symptoms develop seek

medical attention.

Note to Physician Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Water, Foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical.

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. This material is not expected to burn unless heated to

dryness. There are no known limitations of

extinguishing agents.

Special hazards arising from

the chemical:

Thermal decomposition (as may be experienced in a fire) may produce hydrogen chloride gas and/or may liberate oxides of nitrogen and carbon. Spills produce slippery surfaces and could present a physical hazard for firemen.

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Special protective equipment and precautions for fire

firefighters:

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Contain runoff from fire control or dilution

water - Runoff may cause pollution.

Further information: Cool exposed containers with water spray after

extinguishing fire.

Hazchem Code: None

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedure

This product is sold in small packages, and the accidental release from one of these is not usually a cause for concern. Evacuate the danger area, observe emergency procedures, consult an expert. Wear personal protective equipment as described in Section 8.

Environmental precautions

Keep spilt products out of drains, sewers and waterways. If large quantities of this material enter the waterways contact the Environmental Protection Authority, or your local Waste Management Authority.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

For minor spills, contain and absorb with inert materials (sand, earth), sweep up, place contaminated material in a sealed container and place in garbage. For large quantities dispose of at an approved waste management site. Wash area down with excess water.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Observe normal personal hygiene. No special equipment is needed when handling small quantities. Keep container closed when not in use Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Wear chemical splash goggles, gloves, and protective clothing when handling. Wash thoroughly after handling. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

Safety showers and eyewash facilities should be provided within the immediate work area for emergency use. Ensure adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid breathing mist/vapours/aerosols and contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not ingest. Use personal protective equipment as required (see SECTION 8)..

Safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry well-ventilated area, out of direct sunlight. Store in labelled, original containers. Keep containers tightly closed. Store between 5 - 30 °C. Avoid storage temperatures below freezing, since product may stratify.

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Changes in temperature create air pressure changes inside drums. Use proper precaution in unscrewing plug and/or opening container. Store away from incompatible materials described in Section 10.

8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Occupational Exposure Limits: Exposure limits have not been established by Safe Work Australia for this product.

Exposure controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls: Eye wash bottle or emergency eye-wash fountain must

be located in the work place. A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures as low as possible. Local exhaust ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing dispersion of it into the general work area.

Personal Protective equipment - for manufacturing and bulk handling situations: The

selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental

factors.

Clothing: Wear overalls clothing including chemical resistant boots and

apron where clothing is likely to be contaminated.

Skin Protection: Wear gloves of impervious material such as PVC, neoprene

or nitrile. Final choice of appropriate gloves will vary

according to individual circumstances i.e. methods of handling

or according to risk assessments undertaken.

Eye Protection: Tightly fitting safety goggles or full-faced shields as

appropriate recommended. Final choice of appropriate eye/face protection will vary according to individual circumstances i.e. methods of handling or engineering controls and according to risk assessments undertaken.

Respiratory Protection:

Respiratory protection is not normally necessary, unless the

production of vapour is significant. In such cases, engineering control is preferable. However, a suitable respirator may be worn that meets the requirements of

AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.

Personal Hygiene: Always wash hands after handling this product.

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9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: Blue liquid **Vapour density:** No data found

Odour: Odourless Density/Relative 1.09 g/cm³ at 25 °C

density:

pH: 5-8 Water solubility: Completely Melting point / <0 °C Partition log Pow: < 10,

freezing point: coefficient n-

octanol/water:

Initial boiling ,>100 °C Auto-ignition Not applicable

point and boiling temperature: range:

Flash point: Not flammable Decomposition No data found

temperature:

properties:

Upper/lowerNot flammableOxidisingNone

flammability properties:

Vapour pressure: 27 - 40 hPa at 25 °C Molecular formula C₈H₁₆CIN & molecular weight 161.67 g/mol

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Stable.

Chemical Stability: This product is stable and unlikely to react or decompose

under normal circumstances. Thermal decomposition (as may be experienced in a fire) may produce hydrogen chloride gas and/or oxides of nitrogen and carbon.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions:

limits:

No hazardous reactions ne under normal processing.

Hazardous polymerization does not occur. ff.

Conditions to avoid: None known...

Incompatible materials: Incompatible/reactive with strong oxidizers. Contact with

copper, copper alloys, aluminum, mild steel, iron or ioron

salts may cause corrosion/degradation.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No product data. Following information is for the hazardous component.

Acute Oral LD_{50} oral rat: > 2000 mg/kg.Acute Dermal LD_{50} rat - > 2000 mg/kg.

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Skin corrosion/irritation Mild.

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Rabbit – mild eye irritation.-

Inhalation No data found.

Respiratory or skin

sensitisation

The weight of evidence does not support classification for

sensitization.

Mutagenicity The weight of evidence does not support classification for

genotoxicity. Ames, and mouse micronucleus tests all

negative.

Reproduction/Development No data found.

Carcinogenicity This product does not contain any components in

concentrations greater than or equal to 0.1% that are listed as known or suspected carcinogens by NTP, IARC, ACGIH,

or OSHA.

Specific target organ toxicity

- single exposure

Inhalation of mists or aerosols may cause respiratory

irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity

- repeated exposure

No data found.

Aspiration hazard No data found.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Aquatic toxicity Fish: 96h LC₅₀ (*Danio rerio*) >10 mg/L.

96 h L₅₀ (Oncorhynchus mykiss) 0.74 mg/L.

Daphnia: 48 h LC₅₀ 0.23 mg/L.

Persistence and

degradability

Persistence – no data found.

Chemical Oxygen - 500,000 mg/l (poly(diallyldimethylammonium

chloride)) Demand (COD).

Bioaccumulative potential: No data found.

Mobility in soil No data found.

PBT identification: PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment

not required/not conducted.

Other adverse effects: No data found.

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13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal: Rinse empty containers in the pool and dispose of by wrapping with paper and putting in garbage. Dispose of contaminated packaging as for unused product. For larger quantities, refer to Refer to local government authority for disposal recommendations. Dispose of material through a licensed waste contractor.

Normally suitable for disposal at approved land waste site. Handle uncleaned containers like the product itself.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

This product is not a Dangerous Good.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Poisons Standard (Scheduling):	Not scheduled
APVMA Product	Not regulated by APVMA
Number:	
Listing in the Australian	Listed as 2-Propen-1-aminium, N,N-dimethyl-N-2-propenyl-,
Inventory of Chemical	chloride, homopolymer & Poly-2-propen-1-aminium, N,N-
Substances (AICS)	dimethyl-N-2-propenyl-, chloride

16.OTHER INFORMATION

ADG Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by

Road & Rail Edition 7.5, 2017.

AS/NZS Australian Standard/New Zealand Standard.

CAS Number: Unique Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Numbe.r

EC₅₀: Ecotoxic Concentration 50% – concentration in water which is

fatal to 50% of a test population (e.g. daphnia, fish species).

Globally Harmonized System of classification and labelling of

chemicals (GHS).

Hazchem Code: Emergency action code of numbers and letters that provide

information to emergency services, especially fire fighters.

HCIS: Hazardous Chemical Information System

(http://hcis.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/HazardousChemical).

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer.

LC₅₀: Lethal Concentration 50% – concentration in air which is fatal

to 50% of a test population.

LD₅₀: Lethal Dose 50% – dose which is fatal to 50% of a test

population (usually rats).

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IDLH: Immediately dangerous to life or health (**IDLH**) is **defined** by

the US National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

(NIOSH).

LC₅₀: Lethal Concentration 50% – concentration in air which is fatal

to 50% of a test population.

NTP: National Toxicology Program (USA.)

SDS: Safety Data Sheet

STEL: Short term exposure limit (STEL) means the time-weighted

average maximum airborne concentration of a substance

calculated over a 15 minute period.

TWA: 8-hour Time-weighted average (TWA) means the maximum

average airborne concentration of a substance when calculated over an eight-hour working day, for a five-day

working week.

WES: Workplace exposure standard.

UN Number: United Nations Dangerous Goods Number.

References:

Section 3 of this SDS is based on the SDS provided by the manufacturer.

Work Safe Australia Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals Code of Practice (June 2023). The exposure standards comply with the Australian Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants. The Dangerous Goods Classification complies with the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail Edition 7.8, 2022. Other information from ChemIDPlus and linked databases and the European Chemicals Agency Classification and Labelling database. SDS for components,

Sections Revised: All Replaces revision: n/a

Disclaimer

This Safety Data Sheet (SDS) has been prepared in compliance with the Work Safe Australia Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals Code of Practice (June 2023). The information in this SDS should be provided to all who will use, handle, store, transport, or otherwise be exposed to this product. The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. The information in this document is based on the present state of our knowledge and is applicable to the product with regard to appropriate safety precautions. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product. Hy-Clor Australia Pty. Limited shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product.

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